

# California Public Employees' Retirement System Actuarial Office

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### July 2023

Safety Plan of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District (CalPERS ID: 7933348531) Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2022

Dear Employer,

Attached to this letter is the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation report for the rate plan noted above. **Provided in this report is the determination of the minimum required employer contributions for fiscal year (FY) 2024-25**. In addition, the report contains important information regarding the current financial status of the plan as well as projections and risk measures to aid in planning for the future.

Because this plan is in a risk pool, the following valuation report has been separated into two sections:

- Section 1 contains specific information for the plan including the development of the current and projected employer contributions, and
- Section 2 contains the Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation appropriate to the plan as of June 30, 2022.

Section 2 can be found on the CalPERS website (www.calpers.ca.gov). From the home page, go to "Forms & Publications" and select "View All". In the search box, enter "Risk Pool" and from the results list download the Safety Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Report for June 30, 2022.

Actuarial valuations are based on assumptions regarding future plan experience including investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the types of benefits provided, and longevity among retirees. The CalPERS Board of Administration (board) adopts these assumptions after considering the advice of CalPERS actuarial and investment teams and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation reflects all prior differences between actual and assumed experience and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed. This valuation is based on an investment return assumption of 6.8%, which was adopted by the board in November 2021. Other assumptions used in this report are those recommended in the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021.

### **Required Contributions**

The table below shows the minimum required employer contributions for FY 2024-25 along with estimates of the required contributions for FY 2025-26. Employee contributions other than cost sharing (whether paid by the employer or the employee) are in addition to the results shown below. The required employer contributions in this report do not reflect any cost sharing arrangement between the agency and the employees.

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost Rate	Employer Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability
2024-25	26.29%	\$1,358,294
Projected Results		
2025-26	26.3%	\$1,542,000

Safety Plan of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District (CalPERS ID: 7933348531)
Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2022
Page 2

The actual investment return for FY 2022-23 was not known at the time this report was prepared. The projections above assume the investment return for that year would be 6.8%. *To the extent the actual investment return for FY 2022-23 differs from 6.8%, the actual contribution requirements for FY 2025-26 will differ from those shown above.* For additional details regarding the assumptions and methods used for these projections, please refer to the "Projected Employer Contributions" in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section. This section also contains projected required contributions through FY 2029-30.

### **Changes from Previous Year's Valuations**

There are no significant changes in actuarial assumptions or policies in the 2022 actuarial valuation. There may be changes specific to the plan such as contract amendments and funding changes.

Further descriptions of general changes are included in "Highlights and Executive Summ ary" and in Appendix A of the Section 2 report in "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions." The effects of any changes on the required contributions are included in "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions," also in the Section 2 report.

### Questions

A CalPERS actuary is available to answer questions about this report. Other questions may be directed to the Customer Contact Center at (888)-CalPERS or (888-225-7377).

Sincerely,

SCOTT TERANDO, ASA, EA, MAAA, FCA, CFA

Chief Actuary, CalPERS

RANDALL DZIUBEK, ASA, MAAA

Deputy Chief Actuary, Valuation Services, CalPERS



# Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2022

# for the Safety Plan of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District

(CaIPERS ID: 7933348531)

Required Contributions for Fiscal Year July 1, 2024 - June 30, 2025

# **Table of Contents**

Section 1 – Plan Specific Information

Section 2 – Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Information

# Section 1

CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# Plan Specific Information for the Safety Plan of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District

(CaIPERS ID: 7933348531) (Rate Plan ID: 1580)

# **Table of Contents**

Actuarial Certification	ĺ
Introduction Purpose of Section 1 Required Contributions Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions Funded Status – Funding Policy Basis Projected Employer Contributions Other Pooled Safety Risk Pool Rate Plans Cost Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation Subsequent Events	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Assets and Liabilities	
Breakdown of Entry Age Accrued Liability Allocation of Plan's Share of Pool's Experience/Assumption Change Development of Plan's Share of Pool's Market Value of Assets Schedule of Amortization Bases Amortization Schedule and Alternatives Employer Contribution History Funding History	12 12 12 13 15 17
Risk Analysis	
Future Investment Return Scenarios Discount Rate Sensitivity Mortality Rate Sensitivity Maturity Measures Maturity Measures History Funded Status – Termination Basis	19 20 20 21 22 23
Participant Data	24
List of Class 1 Benefit Provisions	24
Plan's Major Benefit Options	25

### **Actuarial Certification**

To the best of our knowledge, this report, comprised of Sections 1 and 2, is complete and accurate and contains sufficient information to disclose, fully and fairly, the funded condition of the Safety Plan of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District and satisfies the actuarial valuation requirements of Government Code section 7504. This valuation is based on the member and financial data as of June 30, 2022 provided by the various CalPERS databases and the benefits under this plan with CalPERS as of the date this report was produced. Section 1 of this report is based on the member and financial data for San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District, while Section 2 is based on the corresponding information for all agencies participating in the Safety Risk Pool to which the plan belongs.

As set forth in Section 2 of this report, the pool actuaries have certified that, in their opinion, the valuation of the Safety Risk Pool has been performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles, in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the assumptions and methods are internally consistent and reasonable for the risk pool as of the date of this valuation and as prescribed by the CalPERS Board of Administration according to provisions set forth in the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Having relied upon the information set forth in Section 2 of this report and based on the census and benefit provision information for the rate plan, it is my opinion as the plan actuary that the Unfunded Accrued Liability amortization bases as of June 30, 2022 and employer contribution as of July 1, 2024 have been properly and accurately determined in accordance with the principles and standards stated above.

The undersigned is an actuary who satisfies the *Qualification Standards for Actuaries Issuing Statements of Actuarial Opinion in the United States* with regard to pensions.

KURT SCHNEIDER, MPA, ASA, EA, MAAA

- S. Meile

Supervising Actuary, CalPERS

# **Highlights and Executive Summary**

- Introduction
- Purpose of Section 1
- Required Contributions
- Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions
- Funded Status Funding Policy Basis
- Projected Employer Contributions
- Other Pooled Safety Risk Pool Rate Plans
- Cost
- Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation
- Subsequent Events

### Introduction

This report presents the results of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation of the Safety Plan of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). This actuarial valuation sets the minimum required contributions for fiscal year (FY) 2024-25.

### **Purpose of Section 1**

This Section 1 report for the Safety Plan of the San Miguel Consolidated Fire Protection District of CalPERS was prepared by the Actuarial Office using data as of June 30, 2022. The purpose of the valuation is to:

- Set forth the assets and accrued liabilities of this rate plan as of June 30, 2022;
- Determine the minimum required employer contributions for this rate plan for FY July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025:
- Determine the required member contribution rate for FY July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025 for employees subject to the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA); and
- Provide actuarial information as of June 30, 2022 to the CalPERS Board of Administration (board) and other interested parties.

The pension funding information presented in this report should not be used in financial reports subject to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 for a Cost Sharing Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan. A separate accounting valuation report for such purposes is available on the CalPERS website (www.calpers.ca.gov).

The measurements shown in this actuarial valuation may not be applicable for other purposes. The agency should contact the plan actuary before disseminating any portion of this report for any reason that is not explicitly described above.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; changes in actuarial policies; changes in plan provisions or applicable law; and differences between the required contributions determined by the valuation and the actual contributions made by the agency.

### Assessment and Disclosure of Risk

This report includes the following risk disclosures consistent with the guidance of Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 51 and recommended by the California Actuarial Advisory Panel (CAAP) in the Model Disclosure Elements document:

- A "Scenario Test," projecting future results under different investment income returns.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results using alternative discount rates
  of 5.8% and 7.8%.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results assuming rates of mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current post-retirement mortality assumptions adopted in 2021.
- Plan maturity measures indicating how sensitive a plan may be to the risks noted above.

# **Required Contributions**

	Fiscal Year
Required Employer Contributions	2024-25
Employer Normal Cost Rate	26.29%
Plus	
Required Payment on Amortization Bases <sup>1</sup>	\$1,358,294
Paid either as	
1) Monthly Payment	\$113,191.17
Or	
2) Annual Prepayment Option*	\$1,314,341

The total minimum required employer contribution is the sum of the Plan's Employer Normal Cost Rate (expressed as a percentage of payroll and paid as payroll is reported) plus the Employer Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) Contribution Amount (billed monthly (1) or prepaid annually (2) in dollars).

<sup>\*</sup> Only the UAL portion of the employer contribution can be prepaid (which must be received in full no later than July 31).

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2023-24	2024-25
Development of Normal Cost as a Percentage of Payroll		
Base Total Normal Cost for Formula	31.82%	31.99%
Surcharge for Class 1 Benefits <sup>2</sup>		
a) FAC 1	1.32%	1.33%
b) PRSA	1.96%	1.96%
Phase out of Normal Cost Difference <sup>3</sup>	0.00%	0.00%
Plan's Total Normal Cost	35.10%	35.28%
Offset Due to Employee Contributions	8.99%	8.99%
Employer Normal Cost Rate	26.11%	26.29%

The required payment on amortization bases does not take into account any additional discretionary payment made after April 28, 2023.

 $<sup>^{2}\,</sup>$  Section 2 of this report contains a list of Class 1 benefits and corresponding surcharges.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> When a rate plan joins the pool, the difference in normal cost betw een the pool and the rate plan is phased out over a five-year period in accordance with the CalPERS contribution allocation policy.

## **Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions**

The minimum required employer contribution towards the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) for this rate plan for FY 2024-25 is \$1,358,294. CalPERS allows agencies to make additional discretionary payments (ADPs) at any time and in any amount. These optional payments serve to reduce the UAL and future required contributions and can result in significant long-term savings. Agencies can also use ADPs to stabilize annual contributions as a fixed dollar amount, percent of payroll or percent of revenue.

Provided below are select ADP options for consideration. Making such an ADP during FY 2024-25 does not require an ADP be made in any future year, nor does it change the remaining amortization period of any portion of unfunded liability. For information on permanent changes to amortization periods, see the "Amortization Schedule and Alternatives" section of the report.

Agencies considering making an ADP should contact CalPERS for additional information.

### Minimum Required Employer Contribution for Fiscal Year 2024-25

	Estimated Normal Cost	Minimum UAL Payment	ADP	Total UAL Contribution	Estimated Total Contribution	
۰	\$856,225	\$1.358.294	\$0	\$1.358.294	\$2,214,519	•

The minimum required contribution above is less than interest on the UAL. With no ADP the UAL is projected to increase over the following year. If the minimum UAL payment were split between interest and principal, the principal portion would be negative. This situation is referred to as **negative amortization**. If only the minimum required contribution is made, contributions are not expected to exceed interest on the UAL until FY **2025-26**, as shown in the "Amortization Schedule and Alternatives" section of the report (see columns labeled "Current Amortization Schedule").

### Fiscal Year 2024-25 Employer Contribution Necessary to Avoid Negative Amortization

Estimated Normal Cost	Minimum UAL Payment	ADP <sup>1</sup>	Total UAL Contribution	Estimated Total Contribution
\$856,225	\$1,358,294	\$105,804	\$1,464,098	\$2,320,323

### Alternative Fiscal Year 2024-25 Employer Contributions for Greater UAL Reduction

Funding Horizon	Estimated Normal Cost	Minimum UAL Payment	ADP <sup>1</sup>	Total UAL Contribution	Estimated Total Contribution
20 years	\$856,225	\$1,358,294	\$642,583	\$2,000,877	\$2,857,102
15 years	\$856,225	\$1,358,294	\$975,903	\$2,334,197	\$3,190,422
10 years	\$856,225	\$1,358,294	\$1,678,936	\$3,037,230	\$3,893,455
5 years	\$856,225	\$1,358,294	\$3,864,791	\$5,223,085	\$6,079,310

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The ADP amounts are assumed to be made in the middle of the fiscal year. A payment made earlier or later in the fiscal year would have to be less or more than the amount shown to have the same effect on the UAL amortization.

Note that the calculations above are based on the projected UAL as of June 30, 2024 as determined in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation. New unfunded liabilities can emerge in future years due to assumption or method changes, changes in plan provisions, and actuarial experience different than assumed. Making an ADP illustrated above for the indicated number of years will not result in a plan that is exactly 100% funded in the indicated number of years. Valuation results will vary from one year to the next and can diverge significantly from projections over a period of several years.

## Funded Status - Funding Policy Basis

The table below provides information on the current funded status of the plan under the funding policy. The funded status for this purpose is based on the market value of assets relative to the funding target produced by the entry age actuarial cost method and actuarial assumptions adopted by the board. The actuarial cost method allocates the total expected cost of a member's projected benefit (**Present Value of Benefits**) to individual years of service (the **Normal Cost**). The value of the projected benefit that is not allocated to future service is referred to as the **Accrued Liability** and is the plan's funding target on the valuation date. The **Unfunded Accrued Liability** (UAL) equals the funding target minus the assets. The UAL is an absolute measure of funded status and can be viewed as employer debt. The **funded ratio** equals the assets divided by the funding target. The funded ratio is a relative measure of the funded status and allows for comparisons between plans of different sizes.

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Present Value of Benefits	\$148,060,414	\$152,064,692
2. Entry Age Accrued Liability	140,156,676	144,780,054
3. Market Value of Assets (MVA)	109,332,683	123,325,762
4. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(2) - (3)]	\$30,823,993	\$21,454,292
5. Funded Ratio [(3) / (2)]	78.0%	85.2%

A funded ratio of 100% (UAL of \$0) implies that the funding of the plan is on target and that future contributions equal to the normal cost of the active plan members will be sufficient to fully fund all retirement benefits if future experience matches the actuarial assumptions. A funded ratio of less than 100% (positive UAL) implies that in addition to normal costs, payments toward the UAL will be required. Plans with a funded ratio greater than 100% have a negative UAL (or surplus) but are required under current law to continue contributing the normal cost in most cases, preserving the surplus for future contingencies.

Calculations for the funding target reflect the expected long-term investment return of 6.8%. If it were known on the valuation date that future investment returns will average something greater/less than the expected return, calculated normal costs and accrued liabilities provided in this report would be less/greater than the results shown. Therefore, for example, if actual average future returns are less than the expected return, calculated normal costs and UAL contributions will not be sufficient to fully fund all retirement benefits. Under this scenario, required future normal cost contributions will need to increase from those provided in this report, and the plan will develop unfunded liabilities that will also add to required future contributions. For illustrative purposes, funded statuses based on a 1% lower and higher average future investment return (discount rate) are as follows:

	1% Lower Average Return	Current Assumption	1% Higher Average Return
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Entry Age Accrued Liability	\$162,322,855	\$144,780,054	\$130,164,916
2. Market Value of Assets (MVA)	123,325,762	123,325,762	123,325,762
3. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(1) – (2)]	\$38,997,093	\$21,454,292	\$6,839,154
4. Funded Ratio [(2) / (1)]	76.0%	85.2%	94.7%

The "Risk Analysis" section of the report provides additional information regarding the sensitivity of valuation results to the expected investment return and other factors. Also provided in that section are measures of funded status that are appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover estimated termination liabilities.

## **Projected Employer Contributions**

The table below shows the required and projected employer contributions (before cost sharing) for the next six fiscal years. The projection assumes that all actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes to assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur during the projection period. In particular, the investment return beginning with FY 2022-23 is assumed to be 6.80% per year, net of investment and administrative expenses. Future contribution requirements may differ significantly from those shown below. The actual long-term cost of the plan will depend on the actual benefits and expenses paid and the actual investment experience of the fund.

	Required Contribution	Projected Future Employer Contributions (Assumes 6.80% Return for Fiscal Year 2022-23 and Beyond)				
Fiscal Year	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30
	Rate Plan 1580 Results					
Normal Cost %	26.29%	26.3%	26.3%	26.3%	26.3%	26.3%
UAL Payment	\$1,358,294	\$1,542,000	\$1,715,000	\$1,834,000	\$2,214,000	\$2,212,000

For ongoing plans, investment gains and losses are amortized using a 5-year ramp up. For more information, please see "Amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability" under "Actuarial Methods" in Appendix A of the Section 2 Report. This method phases in the impact of the change in UAL over a 5-year period in order to reduce employer cost volatility from year to year. As a result of this methodology, dramatic changes in the required employer contributions in any one year are less likely. However, required contributions can change gradually and significantly over the next five years. In years when there is a large investment loss, the relatively small amortization payments during the ramp up period could result in contributions that are less than interest on the UAL (i.e. negative amortization) while the contribution impact of the increase in the UAL is phased in.

The required contribution for FY 2024-25 is less than interest on the UAL, a situation referred to as negative amortization, as explained in the "Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions" section earlier in this report If only the minimum required contribution is made, contributions are not expected to exceed interest on the UAL until FY 2025-26, as shown in the "Amortization Schedule and Alternatives" section of the report (see columns labelled "Current Amortization Schedule").

For projected contributions under alternate investment return scenarios, please see the "Future Investment Return Scenarios" in the "Risk Analysis" section. Our online pension plan projection tool, Pension Outlook, is available in the Employers section of the CalPERS website. Pension Outlook can help plan and budget pension costs under various scenarios.

# Other Pooled Safety Risk Pool Rate Plans

All of the results presented in this Section 1 report, except those shown on this page, correspond to rate plan 1580. In many cases, employers have additional rate plans within the same risk pool. For cost analysis and budgeting it is useful to consider contributions for these rate plans as a whole rather than individually. The estimated contribution amounts and rates for all of the employer's rate plans in the Safety Risk Pool are shown below and assume that the total employer payroll within the Safety Risk Pool will grow according to the overall payroll growth assumption of 2.80% per year for three years. In a refinement since the prior year's report, Classic members who are projected to terminate employment are assumed to be replaced by PEPRA members.

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2023-24	2024-25
Estimated Combined Employer Contributions for all Pooled Safe	ty Rate Plans	
Projected Payroll for the Contribution Year	\$8,318,244	\$8,703,319
Estimated Employer Normal Cost	\$1,711,937	\$1,657,946
Required Payment on Amortization Bases	\$3,594,477	\$1,379,896
Estimated Total Employer Contributions	\$5,306,414	\$3,037,842
Estimated Total Employer Contribution Rate (illustrative only)	63.79%	34.90%

### Cost

### **Actuarial Determination of Plan Cost**

Contributions to fund the plan are comprised of two components:

- Normal Cost, expressed as a percentage of total active payroll
- Amortization of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL), expressed as a dollar amount

For fiscal years prior to 2015-16, the Amortization of UAL component was expressed as a percentage of total active payroll. Starting with FY 2015-16, the Amortization of UAL component was expressed as a dollar amount and invoiced on a monthly basis. There is an option to prepay this amount during July of each fiscal year.

The Normal Cost component is expressed as a percentage of active payroll with employer and employee contributions payable as part of the regular payroll reporting process.

The determination of both components requires complex actuarial calculations. The calculations are based on a set of actuarial assumptions which can be divided into two categories:

- Demographic assumptions (e.g., mortality rates, retirement rates, employment termination rates, disability rates)
- Economic assumptions (e.g., future investment earnings, inflation, salary growth rates)

These assumptions reflect CalPERS' best estimate of future experience of the plan and are long term in nature. We recognize that all assumptions will not be realized in any given year. For example, the investment earnings at CalPERS have averaged 6.9% over the 20 years ending June 30, 2022, yet individual fiscal year returns have ranged from -23.6% to +21.3%. In addition, CalPERS reviews all actuarial assumptions by conducting in-depth experience studies every four years, with the most recent experience study completed in 2021.

# **Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation**

### **Benefits**

The standard actuarial practice at CaIPERS is to recognize mandated legislative benefit changes in the first annual valuation following the effective date of the legislation. Voluntary benefit changes by plan amendment are generally included in the first valuation that is prepared after the amendment becomes effective, even if the valuation date is prior to the effective date of the amendment.

This valuation generally reflects plan amendments effective before the date of the report. Please refer to the "Plan's Major Benefit Options" in this report and Appendix B of the Section 2 Report for a summary of the plan provisions used in this valuation.

In 2022, SB 1168 increased the standard retiree lump sum death benefit from \$500 to \$2,000 for any death occurring on or after July 1, 2023. For pooled plans this is a Class 3 benefit and there is no normal cost surcharge. The impact on the unfunded liability is included in the pool's (gain)/loss.

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

There are no significant changes to the actuarial methods or assumptions for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.

## **Subsequent Events**

This actuarial valuation report reflects fund investment return through June 30, 2022 and statutory/regulatory changes and board actions through January 2023.

During the time period between the valuation date and the publication of this report, inflation has been significantly higher than the expected inflation of 2.3% per annum. Since inflation influences cost-of-living increases for retirees and beneficiaries and active member payincreases, higher inflation is likely to put at least some upward pressure on contribution requirements and downward pressure on the funded status in the June 30, 2023 valuation. The actual impact of higher inflation on future valuation results will depend on, among other factors, how long higher inflation persists. At this time, we continue to believe the long-term inflation assumption of 2.3% is appropriate.

To the best of our knowledge, there have been no other subsequent events that could materially affect current or future certifications rendered in this report.

### **Assets and Liabilities**

- Breakdown of Entry Age Accrued Liability
- Allocation of Plan's Share of Pool's Experience/Assumption Change
- Development of Plan's Share of Pool's Market Value of Assets
- Schedule of Amortization Bases
- Amortization Schedule and Alternatives
- Employer Contribution History
- Funding History

# **Breakdown of Entry Age Accrued Liability**

Active Members	\$28,072,067
Transferred Members	8,427,650
Separated Members	1,655,018
Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments	<u>106,625,319</u>
Total	\$144 780 054

# Allocation of Plan's Share of Pool's Experience/Assumption Change

It is the policy of CalPERS to ensure equity within the risk pools by allocating the pool's experience gains/losses and assumption changes in a manner that treats each employer equitably and maintains benefit security for the members of the System while minimizing substantial variations in employer contributions. The Pool's experience gains/losses and impact of assumption/method changes is allocated to the plan as follows:

1.	Plan's Accrued Liability	\$144,780,054
2.	Projected UAL Balance at 6/30/2022	3,779,110
3.	Other UAL Adjustments (Golden Handshake, Prior Service Purchase, etc.)	0
4.	Adjusted UAL Balance at 6/30/2022 for Asset Share	29,139,586
5.	Pool's Accrued Liability <sup>1</sup>	28,855,988,965
6.	Sum of Pool's Individual Plan UAL Balances at 6/30/20221	4,262,073,817
7.	Pool's 2021-22 Investment (Gain)/Loss <sup>1</sup>	3,300,630,707
8.	Pool's 2021-22 Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss <sup>1</sup>	429,637,362
9.	Plan's Share of Pool's Investment (Gain)/Loss: $[(1) - (4)] \div [(5) - (6)] \times (7)$	15,519,549
10.	Plan's Share of Pool's Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss: (1) ÷ (5) x (8)	2,155,633
11.	Plan's New (Gain)/Loss as of 6/30/2022: (9) + (10)	17,675,182
12.	Increase in Pool's Accrued Liability due to Change in Assumptions <sup>1</sup>	0
13.	Plan's Share of Pool's Change in Assumptions: $(1) \div (5) \times (12)$	0
14.	Increase in Pool's Accrued Liability due to Funding Risk Mitigation <sup>1</sup>	0
15.	Plan's Share of Pool's Change due to Funding Risk Mitigation: (1) $\div$ (5) $\times$ (14)	0
16.	Offset due to Funding Risk Mitigation	0
17.	Plan's Investment (Gain)/Loss: (9) – (16)	15,519,549

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Does not include plans that transferred to Pool on the valuation date.

# **Development of the Plan's Share of Pool's Market Value of Assets**

18.	Plan's UAL: (2) + (3) + (11) + (13) + (15)	\$21,454,292
19.	Plan's Share of Pool's MVA: (1) - (18)	\$123,325,762

### **Schedule of Amortization Bases**

Below is the schedule of the plan's amortization bases. Note that there is a two-year lag between the valuation date and the start of the contribution year.

- The assets, liabilities, and funded status of the plan are measured as of the valuation date: June 30, 2022.
- The required employer contributions determined by the valuation are for the fiscal year beginning two years after the valuation date: FY 2024-25.

This two-year lag is necessary due to the amount of time needed to extract and test the membership and financial data, and the need to provide public agencies with their required employer contribution well in advance of the start of the fiscal year.

The Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) is used to determine the employer contribution and therefore must be rolled forward two years from the valuation date to the first day of the fiscal year for which the contribution is being determined. The UAL is rolled forward each year by subtracting the expected payment on the UAL for the fiscal year and adjusting for interest. The expected payment for the first fiscal year is determined by the actuarial valuation two years ago and the contribution for the second year is from the actuarial valuation one year ago. Additional discretionary payments are reflected in the Expected Payments column in the fiscal year they were made by the agency.

		Ramp		Es cala-			Expected		Expected		Minimum Required
Reason for Base	Date Est.	Level 2024-25	Ram p Shape	tion Rate	Amort. Period	Balance 6/30/22	Payment 2022-23	Balance 6/30/23	Payment 2023-24	Balance 6/30/24	Payment 2024-25
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/13	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	21	13,471,412	1,206,023	13,141,115	1,183,576	12,811,555	1,183,576
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/13	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	21	(818,654)	(73,290)	(798,582)	(71,926)	(778,554)	(71,926)
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/14	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	22	(9,912,275)	(869,176)	(9,688,068)	(852,552)	(9,465,795)	(852,552)
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/14	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	22	120,837	10,596	118,104	10,393	115,395	10,393
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/15	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	23	6,001,080	516,310	5,875,578	506,178	5,752,012	506,178
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/15	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	23	(21,926)	(1,886)	(21,468)	(1,849)	(21,017)	(1,850)
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/16	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	24	7,495,715	633,743	7,350,488	621,013	7,208,541	621,013
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/16	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	24	(1,249,613)	(105,651)	(1,225,403)	(103,529)	(1,201,739)	(103,529)
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/17	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	25	(3,674,499)	(248,571)	(3,667,482)	(304,347)	(3,602,346)	(304,347)
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/17	100%	Up/Dow n	0.00%	25	94,841	6,416	94,660	7,855	92,979	7,855
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/18	100%	Up/Dow n	2.80%	26	(1,180,453)	(46,478)	(1,212,692)	(61,875)	(1,231,211)	(79,510)
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/18	100%	Up/Dow n	2.80%	26	568,595	22,387	584,124	29,804	593,044	38,298
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/19	80%	Up Only	0.00%	17	539,998	22,587	553,376	33,273	556,620	44,363
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/19	No	Ramp	0.00%	17	491,120	45,292	477,710	45,293	463,387	45,292
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/20	60%	Up Only	0.00%	18	2,520,811	55,218	2,635,162	108,324	2,702,407	162,486
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/20	No	Ramp	0.00%	18	458,774	41,943	446,625	41,189	434,429	41,189
Net Investment (Gain)	6/30/21	40%	Up Only	0.00%	19	(11,346,046)	0_	(12,117,577)	(260,464)	(12,672,398)	(520,927)
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	19	(562,063)	0_	(600,283)	(53,980)	(585,317)	(53,980)
Risk Mitigation	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	0	3,673,713	(58,127)	3,983,596	4,116,811	0_	0
Risk Mitigation Offset	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	0	(3,729,959)	0	(3,983,596)	(4,116,811)	0	0

# **Schedule of Amortization Bases (continued)**

Reason for Base	Date Est.	Ramp Level 2024-25	Ram p Shape	Es cala- tion Rate	Amort. Period	Balance 6/30/22	Expected Payment 2022-23	Balance 6/30/23	Expected Payment 2023-24	Balance 6/30/24	Required Payment 2024-25
Assumption Change	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	19	837,702	(45,422)	941,607	84,673	918,132	84,673
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/22	20%	Up Only	0.00%	20	15,519,549	0	16,574,878	0	17,701,970	380,498
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/22	No	Ramp	0.00%	20	2,155,633	0	2,302,216	0	2,458,767	221,101
Total						21,454,292	1,111,914	21,764,088	961,049	22,250,861	1,358,294

The (gain)/loss bases are the plan's allocated share of the risk pool's (gain)/loss for the fiscal year as disclosed in "Allocation of Plan's Share of Pool's Experience/Assumption Change" earlier in this section. These (gain)/loss bases will be amortized in accordance with the CalPERS amortization policy in effect at the time the base was established.

### **Amortization Schedule and Alternatives**

The amortization schedule on the previous page(s) shows the minimum contributions required according to the CalPERS amortization policy. Many agencies have expressed a desire for a more stable pattern of payments or have indicated interest in paying off the unfunded accrued liabilities more quickly than required. As such, we have provided alternative amortization schedules to help analyze the current amortization schedule and illustrate the potential savings of accelerating unfunded liability payments.

Shown on the following page are future year amortization payments based on 1) the current amortization schedule reflecting the individual bases and remaining periods shown on the previous page, and 2) alternative "fresh start" amortization schedules using two sample periods that would both result in interest savings relative to the current amortization schedule. To initiate a fresh start, please contact the plan actuary.

The Current Amortization Schedule typically contains both positive and negative bases. Positive bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes or plan experience that increase unfunded liability. Negative bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes, or plan experience that decrease unfunded liability. The combination of positive and negative bases within an amortization schedule can result in unusual or problematic circumstances in future years, such as:

- When a negative payment would be required on a positive unfunded actuarial liability; or
- When the payment would completely amortize the total unfunded liability in a very short time period, and results in a large change in the employer contribution requirement.

In any year when one of the above scenarios occurs, the actuary will consider corrective action such as replacing the existing unfunded liability bases with a single "fresh start" base and amortizing it over an appropriate period.

The Current Amortization Schedule on the following page may appear to show that, based on the current amortization bases, one of the above scenarios will occur at some point in the future. It is impossible to know today whether such a scenario will in fact arise since there will be additional bases added to the amortization schedule in each future year. Should such a scenario arise in any future year, the actuary will take appropriate action based on guidelines in the CalPERS amortization policy.

# **Amortization Schedule and Alternatives (continued)**

Alternate	<b>Schedules</b>

	Current Am		20 Year Am	ortization	15 Year Amortization		
Date	<u>Sched</u> Balance	<u>aule</u> Payment	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment	
6/30/2024	22,250,861	1,358,294	22,250,861	2,000,877	22,250,861	2,334,197	
6/30/2025	22,360,205	1,542,433	21,696,132	2,000,877	21,351,665	2,334,197	
6/30/2026	22,286,686	1,715,442	21,103,681	2,000,876	20,391,324	2,334,197	
6/30/2027	22,029,373	1,834,258	20,470,944	2,000,876	19,365,679	2,334,197	
6/30/2028	21,631,773	2,213,500	19,795,181	2,000,877	18,270,291	2,334,197	
6/30/2029	20,815,211	2,212,213	19,073,465	2,000,876	17,100,416	2,334,197	
6/30/2030	19,944,454	2,210,887	18,302,674	2,000,877	15,850,990	2,334,197	
6/30/2031	19,015,855	2,209,523	17,479,468	2,000,876	14,516,603	2,334,197	
6/30/2032	18,025,524	2,208,123	16,600,285	2,000,877	13,091,477	2,334,197	
6/30/2033	16,969,294	2,206,689	15,661,316	2,000,876	11,569,443	2,334,197	
6/30/2034	15,842,726	2,205,208	14,658,498	2,000,876	9,943,911	2,334,197	
6/30/2035	14,641,078	2,203,683	13,587,489	2,000,877	8,207,842	2,334,197	
6/30/2036	13,359,294	2,202,127	12,443,650	2,000,876	6,353,721	2,334,197	
6/30/2037	11,991,957	2,200,513	11,222,031	2,000,877	4,373,519	2,334,196	
6/30/2038	10,533,311	2,198,863	9,917,341	2,000,876	2,258,665	2,334,197	
6/30/2039	8,977,182	2,197,167	8,523,933	2,000,876			
6/30/2040	7,316,990	2,195,420	7,035,773	2,000,876			
6/30/2041	5,545,710	1,870,549	5,446,419	2,000,877			
6/30/2042	3,989,717	1,502,805	3,748,987	2,000,876			
6/30/2043	2,707,957	2,617,768	1,936,131	2,000,877			
6/30/2044	186,791	193,037					
6/30/2045							
6/30/2046							
6/30/2047							
6/30/2048							
6/30/2049							
Total		41,298,502		40,017,529		35,012,954	
Interest Paid		19,047,641		17,766,668		12,762,093	
Estimated Sav	ings		_	1,280,973		6,285,548	

# **Employer Contribution History**

The table below provides a recent history of the required and discretionary employer contributions for the plan. The required amounts are based on the actuarial valuation from two years prior without subsequent adjustments, if any. Additional discretionary payments before July 1, 2019 or after April 28, 2023 are not included.

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost	Unfunded Liability Payment (\$)	Additional Discretionary Payments
2016 - 17	0.000%	\$1,495,223	N/A
2017 - 18	0.000%	1,808,443	N/A
2018 - 19	0.000%	2,258,089	N/A
2019 - 20	0.000%	2,692,908	0
2020 - 21	23.558%	2,945,991	0
2021 - 22	23.62%	3,362,114	25,737,995
2022 - 23	23.68%	3,719,984	0
2023 - 24	26.11%	3,594,477	
2024 - 25	26.29%	1,358,294	

# **Funding History**

The table below shows the recent history of the actuarial accrued liability, share of the pool's market value of assets, unfunded accrued liability, funded ratio, and annual covered payroll.

Valuation Date	Accrued Liability (AL)	Share of Pool's Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll
06/30/2013	\$104,479,024	\$84,197,888	\$20,281,136	80.6%	\$79,199
06/30/2014	110,855,300	91,785,917	19,069,383	82.8%	0
06/30/2015	113,130,853	87,846,535	25,284,318	77.7%	0
06/30/2016	116,372,734	83,433,820	32,938,914	71.7%	0
06/30/2017	118,911,442	85,708,120	33,203,322	72.1%	0
06/30/2018	128,633,956	91,091,507	37,542,449	70.8%	3,660,655
06/30/2019	130,560,505	91,673,301	38,887,204	70.2%	3,938,021
06/30/2020	134,802,675	93,319,467	41,483,208	69.2%	4,167,453
06/30/2021	140,156,676	109,332,683	30,823,993	78.0%	4,010,146
06/30/2022	144,780,054	123,325,762	21,454,292	85.2%	3,881,587

# **Risk Analysis**

- Future Investment Return Scenarios
- Discount Rate Sensitivity
- Mortality Rate Sensitivity
- Maturity Measures
- Maturity Measures History
- Funded Status Termination Basis

### **Future Investment Return Scenarios**

Analysis using the investment return scenarios from the Asset Liability Management process completed in 2021 was performed to determine the effects of various future investment returns on required employer contributions. The projections below reflect the impact of the CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy. The projections also assume that all other actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes in assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur.

The first table shows projected contribution requirements if the fund were to earn either 3.0% or 10.8% annually. These alternate investment returns were chosen because 90% of long-term average returns are expected to fall between them over the 20-year period ending June 30, 2042.

Assumed Annual Return FY 2022-23	Projected Employer Contributions						
through 2041-42	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30		
3.0% (5 <sup>th</sup> percentile)							
Normal Cost Rate	26.3%	26.3%	26.3%	26.3%	26.3%		
UAL Contribution	\$1,656,000	\$2,059,000	\$2,524,000	\$3,368,000	\$3,954,000		
10.8% (95th percentile)							
Normal Cost Rate	26.7%	27.2%	27.6%	28.1%	28.5%		
UAL Contribution	\$1,445,000	\$1,419,000	\$1,224,000	\$121,000	\$0		

Required contributions outside of this range are also possible. In particular, whereas it is unlikely that investment returns will average less than 3.0% or greater than 10.8% over a 20-year period, the likelihood of a single investment return less than 3.0% or greater than 10.8% in any given year is much greater. The following analysis illustrates the effect of an extreme, single year investment return.

The portfolio has an expected volatility (or standard deviation) of 12.0% per year. Accordingly, in any given year there is a 16% probability that the annual return will be -5.2% or less and a 2.5% probability that the annual return will be -17.2% or less. These returns represent one and two standard deviations below the expected return of 6.8%.

The following table shows the effect of a one or two standard deviation investment loss in FY 2022-23 on the FY 2025-26 contribution requirements. Note that a single-year investment gain or loss decreases or increases the required UAL contribution amount incrementally for each of the next five years, not just one, due to the 5-year ramp in the amortization policy. However, the contribution requirements beyond the first year are also impacted by investment returns beyond the first year. Historically, significant downturns in the market are often followed by higher than average returns. Such investment gains would offset the impact of these single year negative returns in years beyond FY 2025-26.

Assumed Annual Return for Fiscal Year 2022-23	Required Employer Contributions 2024-25	Projected Employer Contributions 2025-26	
(17.2)% (2 standard deviation loss)			
Normal Cost Rate	26.29%	26.3%	
UAL Contribution	\$1,358,294	\$2,261,000	
(5.2)% (1 standard deviation loss)			
Normal Cost Rate	26.29%	26.3%	
UAL Contribution	\$1,358,294	\$1,902,000	

- Without investment gains (returns higher than 6.8%) in FY 2023-24 or later, projected contributions
  rates would continue to rise over the next four years due to the continued phase-in of the impact of
  the illustrated investment loss in FY 2022-23.
- The Pension Outlook Tool can be used to model projected contributions for these scenarios beyond FY 2025-26 as well as to model other investment return scenarios.

## **Discount Rate Sensitivity**

The discount rate assumption is calculated as the sum of the assumed real rate of return and the assumed annual price inflation, currently 4.5% and 2.3%, respectively. Changing either the price inflation assumption or the real rate of return assumption will change the discount rate. The sensitivity of the valuation results to the discount rate assumption depends on which component of the discount rate is changed. Shown below are various valuation results as of June 30, 2022 assuming alternate discount rates by changing the two components independently. Results are shown using the current discount rate of 6.8% as well as alternate discount rates of 5.8% and 7.8%. The rates of 5.8% and 7.8% were selected since they illustrate the impact of a 1.0% increase or decrease to the 6.8% assumption.

### Sensitivity to the Real Rate of Return Assumption

As of June 30, 2022	1% Lower Real Return Rate	Current Assumptions	1% Higher Real Return Rate
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Price Inflation	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%
Real Rate of Return	3.5%	4.5%	5.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	44.10%	35.28%	28.53%
b) Accrued Liability	\$162,322,855	\$144,780,054	\$130,164,916
c) Market Value of Assets	\$123,325,762	\$123,325,762	\$123,325,762
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$38,997,093	\$21,454,292	\$6,839,154
e) Funded Ratio	76.0%	85.2%	94.7%

### Sensitivity to the Price Inflation Assumption

As of June 30, 2022	1% Lower Price Inflation	Current Assumptions	1% Higher Price Inflation
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Price Inflation	1.3%	2.3%	3.3%
Real Rate of Return	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	37.02%	35.28%	32.03%
b) Accrued Liability	\$149,396,698	\$144,780,054	\$133,719,105
c) Market Value of Assets	\$123,325,762	\$123,325,762	\$123,325,762
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$26,070,936	\$21,454,292	\$10,393,343
e) Funded Ratio	82.5%	85.2%	92.2%

# **Mortality Rate Sensitivity**

The following table looks at the change in the June 30, 2022 plan costs and funded status under two different longevity scenarios, namely assuming post-retirement rates of mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current mortality assumptions adopted in 2021. This type of analysis highlights the impact on the plan of a change in the mortality assumption.

As of June 30, 2022	10% Lower Mortality Rates	Current Assumptions	10% Higher Mortality Rates
a) Total Normal Cost	35.78%	35.28%	34.82%
b) Accrued Liability	\$147,644,765	\$144,780,054	\$142,146,098
c) Market Value of Assets	\$123,325,762	\$123,325,762	\$123,325,762
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$24,319,003	\$21,454,292	\$18,820,336
e) Funded Ratio	83.5%	85.2%	86.8%

## **Maturity Measures**

As pension plans mature they become more sensitive to risks. Understanding plan maturity and how it affects the ability of a pension plan sponsor to tolerate risk is important in understanding how the pension plan is impacted by investment return volatility, other economic variables, and changes in longevity or other demographic assumptions.

Since it is the employer that bears the risk, it is appropriate to perform this analysis on a pension plan level considering all rate plans. The following measures are for one rate plan only. One way to look at the maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is to look at the ratio of a plan's retiree liability to its total liability. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very low ratio of retiree liability to total liability. As the plan matures, the ratio starts increasing. A mature plan will often have a ratio above 60%-65%.

Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
1. Retired Accrued Liability	\$102,034,087	\$106,625,319
2. Total Accrued Liability	140,156,676	144,780,054
3. Ratio of Retiree AL to Total AL [(1) / (2)]	0.73	0.74

Another measure of maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is to look at the ratio of actives to retirees, also called the support ratio. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very high ratio of active to retired members. As the plan matures and members retire, the ratio declines. Amature plan will often have a ratio near or below one.

To calculate the support ratio for the rate plan, retirees and beneficiaries receiving a continuance are each counted as one, even though they may have only worked a portion of their careers as an active member of this rate plan. For this reason, the support ratio, while intuitive, may be less informative than the ratio of retiree liability to total accrued liability above.

For comparison, the support ratio for all CalPERS public agency plans as of June 30, 2021, was 0.78 and was calculated consistently with how it is for the individual rate plan. Note that to calculate the support ratio for all public agency plans, a retiree with service from more than one CalPERS agency is counted as a retiree more than once.

Support Ratio	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
1. Number of Actives	37	34
2. Number of Retirees	149	151
3. Support Ratio [(1) / (2)]	0.25	0.23

## **Maturity Measures (continued)**

The actuarial calculations supplied in this communication are based on various assumptions about long-term demographic and economic behavior. Unless these assumptions (e.g., terminations, deaths, disabilities, retirements, salary growth, investment return) are exactly realized each year, there will be differences on a year-to-year basis. The year-to-year differences between actual experience and the assumptions are called actuarial gains and losses and serve to lower or raise required employer contributions from one year to the next. Therefore, employer contributions will inevitably fluctuate, especially due to the ups and downs of investment returns.

### **Asset Volatility Ratio**

Shown in the table below is the asset volatility ratio (AVR), which is the ratio of market value of assets to payroll. Plans that have higher AVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to investment return. For example, a plan with AVR of 8 may experience twice the contribution volatility due to investment return volatility than a plan with AVR of 4. It should be noted that this ratio is a measure of the current situation. It increases over time but generally tends to stabilize as a plan matures.

### Liability Volatility Ratio

Also shown in the table below is the liability volatility ratio (LVR), which is the ratio of accrued liability to payroll. Plans that have a higher LVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to changes in liability. For example, a plan with LVR of 8 is expected to have twice the contribution volatility of a plan with LVR of 4. It should be noted that this ratio indicates a longer-term potential for contribution volatility, since the AVR, described above, will tend to move closer to the LVR as the funded ratio approaches 100%.

Contribution Volatility	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
1. Market Value of Assets	\$109,332,683	\$123,325,762
2. Payroll	4,010,146	3,881,587
3. Asset Volatility Ratio (AVR) [(1) / (2)]	27.3	31.8
4. Accrued Liability	\$140,156,676	\$144,780,054
5. Liability Volatility Ratio (LVR) [(4) / (2)]	35.0	37.3

## **Maturity Measures History**

Valuation Date	Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	Support Ratio	Asset Volatility Ratio	Liability Volatility Ratio
06/30/2017	0.71	0.00	N/A	N/A
06/30/2018	0.71	0.30	24.9	35.1
06/30/2019	0.70	0.31	23.3	33.2
06/30/2020	0.71	0.29	22.4	32.3
06/30/2021	0.73	0.25	27.3	35.0
06/30/2022	0.74	0.23	31.8	37.3

### Funded Status - Termination Basis

The funded status measured on a termination basis is an estimate of the financial position of the plan had the contract with CalPERS been terminated as of June 30, 2022. The accrued liability on a termination basis (termination liability) is calculated differently compared to the plan's ongoing funding liability. For the termination liability calculation, both compensation and service are frozen as of the valuation date and no future pay increases or service accruals are assumed. This measure of funded status is not appropriate for assessing the need for future employer contributions in the case of an ongoing plan, that is, for an employer that continues to provide CalPERS retirement benefits to active employees. Unlike the actuarial cost method used for ongoing plans, the termination liability is the present value of the benefits earned through the valuation date.

A more conservative investment policy and asset allocation strategy was adopted by the board for the Terminated Agency Pool. The Terminated Agency Pool has limited funding sources since no future employer contributions will be made. Therefore, expected benefit payments are secured by risk-free assets and benefit security for members is increased while limiting the funding risk. However, this asset allocation has a lower expected rate of return than the PERF and consequently, a lower discount rate is assumed. The lower discount rate for the Terminated Agency Pool results in higher liabilities for terminated plans.

The effective termination discount rate will depend on actual market rates of return for risk-free securities on the date of termination. As market discount rates are variable, the table below shows a range for the hypothetical termination liability based on the lowest and highest interest rates observed during an approximate 19-month period from 12 months before the valuation date to seven months after.

Discount Rate: 1.75% Discount Rate: 4.50% Price Inflation: 2.50% Price Inflation: 2.75%

Market			Unfunded			Unfunded	
Value of Assets (MVA)	Termination Liability <sup>1,2</sup>	Funded Ratio	Termination Liability	Termination Liability <sup>1,2</sup>	Funded Ratio	Termination Liability	
\$123.325.762	\$297.090.992	41.5%	\$173,765,230	\$198.950.431	62.0%	\$75,624,669	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The termination liabilities calculated above include a 5% contingency load. The contingency load and other actuarial assumptions can be found in Appendix A of the Section 2 report.

In order to terminate the plan, first contact our Pension Contract Services unit to initiate a Resolution of Intent to Terminate. The completed Resolution will allow the plan actuary to provide a preliminary termination valuation with a more up-to-date estimate of the plan liabilities. Before beginning this process, please consult with the plan actuary.

The discount rate used for termination valuations is a w eighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields w here the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date. The discount rates used in the table are based on 20-year Treasury bonds, rounded to the nearest quarter percentage point, which is a good proxy for most plans. The 20-year Treasury yield w as 3.38% on June 30, 2022, the valuation date.

# **Participant Data**

The table below shows a summary of the plan's member data upon which this valuation is based:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Active Members		
Counts	37	34
Average Attained Age	50.7	51.3
Average Entry Age to Rate Plan	29.8	30.0
Average Years of Credited Service	17.0	17.3
Average Annual Covered Pay	\$108,382	\$114,164
Annual Covered Payroll	\$4,010,146	\$3,881,587
Present Value of Future Payroll	\$24,618,494	\$22,674,589
Transferred Members	45	42
Separated Members	21	24
Retired Members and Beneficiaries*		
Counts	149	151
Average Annual Benefits	\$51,924	\$54,493
Total Annual Benefits	\$7,736,673	\$8,228,395

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

# **List of Class 1 Benefit Provisions**

This plan has the additional Class 1 Benefit Provisions:

- One Year Final Compensation (FAC 1)
- Post-Retirement Survivor Allowance (PRSA)

<sup>\*</sup> Values include community property settlements.

# Plan's Major Benefit Options

Shown below is a summary of the major optional benefits for which the agency has contracted. A description of principal standard and optional plan provisions is in Section 2.

	Benefit Group						
Member Category	Fire	Fire	Fire	Fire	Fire	Fire	Fire
Demographics Actives Transfers/Separated Receiving	Yes Yes Yes	No Yes Yes	No No Yes	No Yes Yes	No Yes Yes	No Yes Yes	No No Yes
Benefit Provision							
Benefit Formula Social Security Coverage Full/Modified	3% @ 55 No Full	3% @ 55 No Full		3% @ 55 No Full	3% @ 55 No Full	3% @ 55 No Full	
Employee Contribution Rate	9.00%						
Final Average Compensation Period	One Year	One Year		One Year	One Year	One Year	
Sick Leave Credit	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	
Non-Industrial Disability	Improved	Standard		Improved	Improved	Improved	
Industrial Disability	Standard	Standard		Standard	Standard	Standard	
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Optional Settlement 2 1959 Survivor Benefit Level Special Alternate (firefighters)	Yes Level 4 Yes No	Yes Level 4 Yes No		Yes Level 4 Yes No	Yes Level 4 Yes No	Yes Level 4 Yes No	
Post-Retirement Death Benefits Lump Sum Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	\$2000 Yes	\$2000 No	\$2000 Yes	\$2000 Yes	\$2000 Yes	\$2000 Yes	\$2000 Yes
COLA	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

# Plan's Major Benefit Options

Shown below is a summary of the major optional benefits for which the agency has contracted. A description of principal standard and optional plan provisions is in Section 2.

	Benefit Group				
Member Category	Fire	Fire	Fire	Fire	
Demographics Actives Transfers/Separated Receiving	No No Yes	No No Yes	No No Yes	No No Yes	
Benefit Provision					
Benefit Formula Social Security Coverage Full/Modified					
Employee Contribution Rate					
Final Average Compensation Period					
Sick Leave Credit					
Non-Industrial Disability					
Industrial Disability					
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Optional Settlement 2 1959 Survivor Benefit Level Special Alternate (firefighters)					
Post-Retirement Death Benefits Lump Sum Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	\$2000 No	\$2000 Yes	\$2000 Yes	\$2000 Yes	
COLA	2%	2%	2%	2%	

# Section 2

CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# **Risk Pool Actuarial Valuation Information**

Section 2 may be found on the CaIPERS website (www.calpers.ca.gov) in the Forms and Publications section